

## EC1-S\*C\* Eclipse Range Compound-Filled Stopper Box – ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

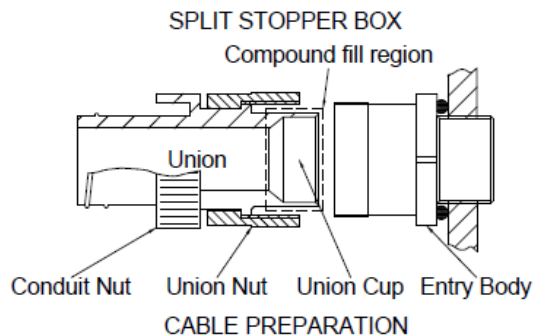
### Brief Description

Peppers EC1-S\*C\* type compound filled Conduit Stopper Boxes are for outdoor use in the appropriate Hazardous Areas with conductors carried in conduit, providing a flameproof barrier entry into enclosures and a connector for the appropriate flexible metallic conduit. they give environmental protection to IP66, IP68 (100 metres for 7 days), IP69 and Deluge.

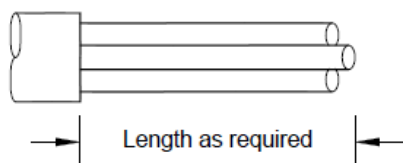
### Warning

Please read these instructions carefully. These products should not be used in applications except as detailed here or in our datasheets, unless confirmed in writing by Peppers. Peppers take no responsibility for any damage, injury or other consequential loss caused where products are not installed or used according to these instructions. This leaflet is not intended to advice on the selection of product. Further guidance can be found in the standards listed overleaf or the prevailing code of practice. The compound used within this cable gland has application limitations and may be adversely affected by some solvent vapours. If such vapours are likely to be present when the cable gland is in service, necessary precautions should be taken. Peppers Technical Datasheet can be downloaded from our website for further guidance. Prior to use the compound should be stored in its original packaging in a dry area at temperatures between 5°C and 21°C.

### STEP-BY-STEP INSTRUCTIONS



#### CABLE PREPARATION



#### COMPOUND EXTRUSION

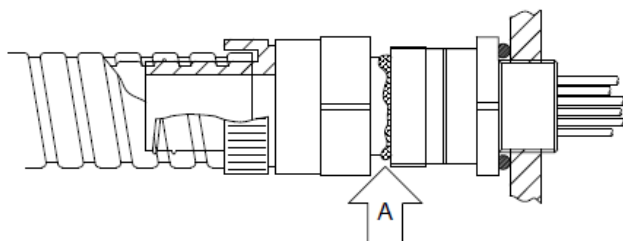
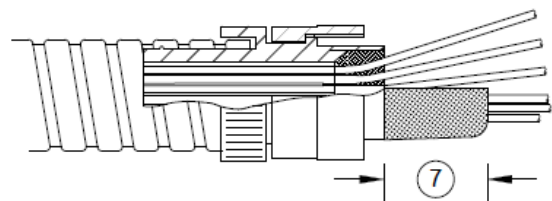
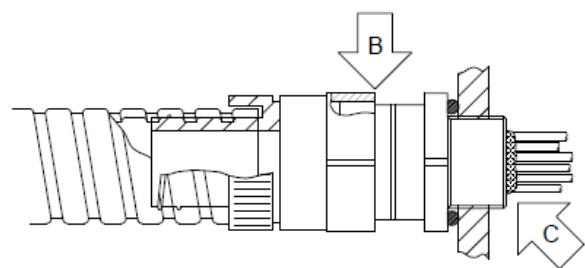


TABLE 1	
GLAND SIZE	COMPOUND LENGTH
16 - 25	40 mm
32 - 40	45 mm
50S - 75	50 mm
80 - 100	60 mm

#### COMPOUND PACKING



#### COMPLETED INSTALLATION



### STEP-BY-STEP FITTING INSTRUCTIONS

- Split Stopper Box as shown. Warning: The entry body of this cable gland is coated with a releasing agent to ensure the compound form can be inspected after curing. The entry body should not be treated with any lubricant or be exposed to any solvents. The internal bore of the entry body must not be damaged. Any handling during the course of normal installation will not affect the operation of the releasing agent.
- Fit Entry Body, allowing for any installation accessories, and fully engage the thread into the equipment. For Entry Body installation torque for O-rings please refer to Table 2. Tapered threads shall be made up wrench tight. Further guidance can be found in Peppers document CT0030 which can be found on our website.
- Slide Union Assembly onto cable as shown.
- Bring the flexible metallic conduit and engage onto the Conduit Nut. Screw the Conduit Nut into the flexible metallic conduit until it completely engages and locks.

**HEALTH AND SAFETY WARNING:** The resin used in the compound can cause eye and skin irritation. For your personal protection, wear the gloves supplied whilst in contact with the compound. **A COMPREHENSIVE SAFETY DATA SHEET IS AVAILABLE FOR DOWNLOAD FROM OUR WEBSITE.**

- Check compound has not passed its "Use By" date. It has a work life of about 30 minutes at 16-27°C (60-80°F), during which time it can be worked and shaped before it begins to cure. Full cure takes 24 hours at 16-27°C (60-80°F). Lower temperatures will give a longer cure time. E.g. at 3°C (37°F) full cure takes about seven days. It is recommended to mix the putty and pack the fitting at 20°C (68°F). Minimum mixing/packing temperature is 10°C. Minimum curing temperature is 3°C.
- Trim any hardened pieces from ends of stick. Mix the compound by rolling, folding and breaking. Ease mixing by cutting large sticks in half. Fully mixed compound has a uniform yellow colour with no streaks. See Figure 1 for correctly mixed compound.
- Support the conduit/Union assembly. Starting at the middle, pack small amounts of rolled-out compound between the cores. Work outwards until all gaps are filled. Bundle the cores with cord or tape (see figure 2) so they are not disturbed. Wrap compound around the outside of the core bundle, then locate the compound & cores into the Union Cup. Ensure that the Union Cup is completely filled. Build up compound around the outside of the cores, with a slight taper and to approximate compound length shown in diagram and Table 1 column 6. Where cable has large quantity of cores ensure they are bundled near to the gland entry thread.
- Pass cores through & push compound into Entry Body until Union Cup engages. Remove squeezed out compound at arrow A. Screw Union Nut 7 full turns onto Entry Body (arrow B).
- Clean off excess compound from Entry Body to allow withdrawal when cured (arrow C). Cores may be disturbed after 1 hour. Leave to cure for at least 4 hours when working at 21° C.
- To release and pull back the joint for inspection, unscrew Union Nut and pull away from the entry body. This will release the compound from the entry body. Do not over rotate as this may damage cable conductors. Pull the Union and compound out for inspection. The compound should appear as in Figure 3 with no gaps, holes or cracks.
- To re-make the joint hand-tighten Union Nut. Then refer to table below and tighten using wrench to the given amount.
- The equipment should not be energised until the compound has been left to cure for at least 4 hours when working at 21° C. See chart 'Compound Cure Time vs. Temperature' for further guidance.

Figure 1



Figure 2



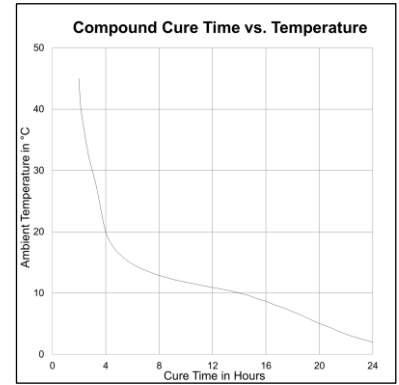
Figure 3



## EC1-S\*C\* Eclipse Range Compound-Filled Stopper Box – ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

Table 2. Tightening Information, Cable Size (mm) and Permitted Cores

Stopper Box Size	Entry Body Tightening Torque	Union Nut Turns Using Wrench	Maximum Cable Size	Maximum Ø Over Cores	Maximum No. of Cores
16S	5Nm	½-turn	10.0	8.9	12
20	5Nm	½-turn	14.0	12.5	20
25	5Nm	½-turn	18.5	16.5	30
32	5Nm	½-turn	26.3	23.5	50
40	5Nm	½-turn	32.2	28.8	65
50S	10Nm	½-turn	38.2	34.2	100
50	10Nm	½-turn	44.1	39.4	100
63S	10Nm	½-turn	50.1	44.8	130
63	10Nm	½-turn	56.0	50.0	130
75S	10Nm	½-turn	62.0	55.4	150
75	10Nm	½-turn	68.0	60.8	150
80	25Nm	¾-turn	72.0	64.4	180
85	25Nm	¾-turn	78.0	69.8	190
90	30Nm	¾-turn	84.0	75.1	220
100	40Nm	¾-turn	90.0	80.5	230



### Approvals and Certification

Approval	Certificate Number	Protection Concept / Type
ATEX (2014/34/EU)	CML 19ATEX1113X / CML 21UKEX1036X	Ex db I Mb / Ex db IIC Gb / Ex eb I Mb / Ex eb IIC Gb / Ex ta IIIC Da
UKCA (SI 2016 No. 1107)	CML 19ATEX4114X / CML 21UKEX4037X	Ex db I Mb / Ex db IIC Gb / Ex eb I Mb / Ex eb IIC Gb / Ex ta IIIC Da
IECEX	IECEX CML 19.0035X	Ex db I Mb / Ex db IIC Gb / Ex eb I Mb / Ex eb IIC Gb / Ex nR IIC Gc / Ex ta IIIC Da
EAC	PROMMAW TECT RU C-GB.AK58.B.05106	PB Ex db I Mb X / 1Ex db IIC Gb X / PB Ex eb I Mb X / 1Ex eb IIC Gb X / 2Ex nR IIC Gc X / Ex ta IIIC Da X
CCC	2021312313000446	Ex db I Mb / Ex db IIC Gb / Ex eb I Mb / Ex eb IIC Gb / Ex nR IIC Gc / Ex ta IIIC Da IP66
CCoE (PESO)	P494321/17 & P494321/20	Ex db I Mb / Ex db IIC Gb / Ex eb I Mb / Ex eb IIC Gb / Ex nR IIC Gc
ECASEx	25-06-153223/E25-06-159811/NB0007	Ex db I Mb / Ex db IIC Gb / Ex eb I Mb / Ex eb IIC Gb / Ex nR IIC Gc / Ex ta IIIC Da
ABS	25-0158110-PDA	Specified ABS Rules – See certificate
Lloyd's Register	LR2124442TA	Ex db I Mb / Ex db IIC Gb / Ex eb I Mb / Ex eb IIC Gb / Ex nR IIC Gc / Ex ta IIIC Da
DNV	TAE00004XK	Ex db I Mb / Ex db IIC Gb / Ex eb I Mb / Ex eb IIC Gb / Ex nR IIC Gc / Ex ta IIIC Da

### Installation Guidance

Point	Advice
1	BS/EN/IEC 60079-10
2	BS/EN/IEC 60079-14
3	Installation should only be carried out by a competent electrician, skilled in cable gland and appropriate electrical installations.
4	Comprehensive details of the compliance standards can be found in the product certificates which are available for download from our website.
5	NO INSTALLATION SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT UNDER LIVE CONDITIONS.
6	Threaded entries: the product can be installed directly into threaded entries. Threaded entries should comply with the relevant applicable standards and have a lead-in chamfer to allow for full engagement of the threads. Failure to provide a sufficient lead-in chamfer may lead to ingress sealing issues. For Ex db applications a minimum of 5 fully engaged threads is required.
7	Clearance holes: these shall be no larger than 0.7mm above the nominal diameter of the external entry thread. The product should be secured with a Peppers locknut and then tightened to ensure the cable gland is secure. Where no integral sealing method is provided a Peppers sealing washer should be used to maintain IP ratings. A Peppers serrated washer should be used for additional installation protection. Peppers does not recommend using tapered threads in clearance holes.
8	Ingress protection: to maintain the Ingress Protection rating of the product, entry holes must be perpendicular to the surface of the enclosure. The surface should be clean, dry and must be sufficiently flat and rigid to support the assembly and make the IP joint. Metric threads are supplied with an O-ring and will maintain IP66 and IP68. Other parallel threads will maintain an IP rating of IP64. A Peppers sealing washer should be used to maintain all IP ratings greater than IP64. Whilst Peppers products with tapered threads, when installed into a threaded entry, have been tested to maintain IP66 without any additional sealant, due to the differing gauging tolerances associated with the use of tapered threads it is recommended to use a non-hardening thread sealant if an IP rating higher than IP64 is required. Any thread sealant used should be suitable for use in the hazardous area or location where the equipment is installed, have a suitable temperature range for the temperature at the point of mounting, not contain evaporating solvents and not cause corrosion at the threaded interface when used with dissimilar materials. The product incorporates a thread run out according to general machining techniques and will not have a full form thread for the entire length. Threaded entries should have a suitable lead-in chamfer to ensure a seal is maintained, further guidance can be found on Peppers website. It is the user's/installer's responsibility to ensure that the interface between the enclosure and cable gland is suitably sealed for the required application.
9	Where a bonding connection to earth is required a Peppers earth tag should be used. Peppers earth tags have been independently tested to comply with the Category B values given in IEC 62444. Peppers earth tags should be fitted over the external entry thread from either inside or outside the enclosure. If fitted internally they must be secured with a Peppers locknut and optionally a Peppers serrated washer. Further guidance can be found in Peppers document CT0170 which can be found on our website.
10	Peppers external metric entry threads comply with ISO 965-1 & ISO 965-3 with a 6g tolerance fit. The standard metric thread pitch is 1.5mm for threads up to M75 and 2.0mm for size M80 and above. Alternative thread pitches are available upon request. Peppers external NPT threads comply with ASME B1.20.1 with gauging to clause 8.1. All threads comply with the threaded joint requirements of clause 5.3 from IEC 60079-1. Information on other thread types can be found in the product certificates.
11	Once installed do not dismantle except for routine inspection. An inspection should be conducted as per IEC 60079-17. After inspection the gland should be re-assembled as instructed, ensuring the compression nut, mid cap and back nut are correctly tightened to ensure the cable is secure.
12	The O-ring that is fitted to the outer diameter of the Union cup (visible on figure 3) is to prevent compound from extruding inside the gland during the assembly process. It has no other function and does not contribute to the protection concept or ingress protection rating of the cable gland.
13	If required an anti-seize lubricant may be used to aid assembly and routine inspection, if used care should be taken to ensure no lubricant comes into contact with the cable gland seals as this may impair performance. Any lubricant used should comply with the prevailing code of practice, be suitable for use in the hazardous area or location where the equipment is installed, have a suitable temperature range and not contain evaporating solvents.
14	For chemical resistance information please refer to Peppers T1000 Compound data sheet. Available on request.

### Interpretation of Markings

Markings on the outside of this gland carry the following meanings

Cable Gland Type & Size EC1-S-a-C-bbb-ccc-nn, where:

a =	Main component material	B = Brass	S = Stainless steel	ccc =	Entry thread type and size
bbb =	Gland and Connector size			nn =	Year of manufacture

### Special Conditions for Safe Use

- EC1-S\*C\* stopper boxes must not be used in enclosures where the temperature at the point of contact is outside the range of -60°C to +120°C, for Peppers T1000 Compound.
- The interface seals comply with the requirements of the standards listed the certificates above when EC1-S\*C\* stopper boxes are fitted to a representative enclosure having a smooth flat mounting surface. In practice the interface between the male thread of the glands and their associated enclosure cannot be defined, therefore it is the user's responsibility to ensure that the appropriate ingress protection level is maintained at these interfaces.
- The parallel threaded entry component threads will be suitably sealed using a method that is applicable to the associated equipment to which the gland will be attached, in accordance with the relevant installation code of practice and will ensure that any ingress protection and restricted breathing sealing requirements are maintained.
- When used in explosive dust atmospheres and installed in threaded entries without interface O-ring seals, EC1-S\*C\* stopper boxes shall only be fitted into enclosures that have either:
  - parallel entries that will ensure a minimum of 5 full threads of contact will be maintained, this is in accordance with clause 5.1.2 of IEC 60079-31.
  - tapered entries that will ensure a minimum of 3 ½ full threads of contact will be maintained, this is in accordance with clause 5.1.2 of IEC 60079-31.
- Size 16S, 20S, and 20 EC1-SC\* stopper boxes shall not be used for Group I, EPL Mb applications where there is a 'high' risk of mechanical damage.